

Preparatory meeting for the Conference on Education Data and Statistics

Teachers' indicators: what are the challenges going forward

October - November 2023





- What indicators can be produced?
- What data sources are used?
- Challenges
- Agenda forward to work with Member States





What indicators can be produced?

Indicator	Definition	
4.c.1	Proportion of teachers with the minimum required qualifications , by education level	
4.c.2	Pupil-trained teacher ratio by education level	
4.c.3	Percentage of teachers qualified according to national standards by education level and type of institution	
4.c.4	Pupil-qualified teacher ratio by education level	
4.c.5	Average teacher salary relative to other professions requiring a comparable level of qualification	
4.c.6	Teacher attrition rate by education level	
4.c.7	Percentage of teachers who received in-service training in the last 12 months by type of training	





What data sources are used?

Indicator	Data sources (link to metadata documents)
4.c.1 (minimum required qualifications)	<u>UIS country survey</u>
4.c.2 (pupil trained-teacher ratio)	<u>UIS country survey</u>
4.c.3 (qualified according to national standards)	<u>UIS country survey</u>
4.c.4 (pupil-qualified teacher ratio)	<u>UIS country survey</u>
4.c.5 (relative salaries)	OECD; UIS country survey for salaries, ILO data for comparator salaries
4.c.6 (teacher attrition rate)	<u>UIS country survey</u>
4.c.7 (recent in-service training)	International learning assessments

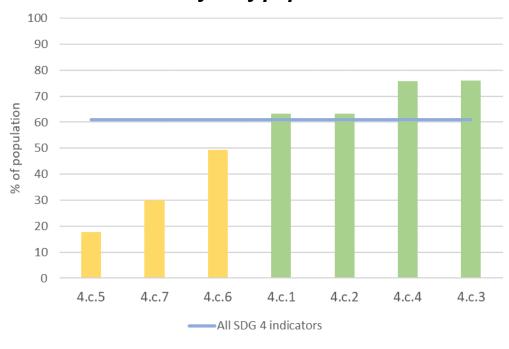






Low coverage

Coverage of SDG 4 indicators produced in terms of % of population.



Teacher salary data classification (percent of countries without OECD teacher salary data) Not reported salary data main reason for low coverage of 4.c.5



*Ratios greater than 3 or less than 1/3 were defined as not credible





6 Agenda forward to work with Member States

Finalize the revision of the SDG framework

- Revise the indicator framework related to teacher preparedness
- Revise the indicator framework related to attracting and retaining teachers
- Implement ISCED-T
- Agree on global definitions for qualified and trained teacher

Improve data collection through better capacity building and innovation

- Update and review data collection instruments and strategy
- Define guidelines for country's data collection

Extend the link between 4.C framework and evidence-base on teacher training

- Build and maintain UIS knowledge-base on best-practice for teacher education
- Extend the teaching requirements and ISCED-T data collection to include key characteristics of teacher training





Thank you

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